1. Identification

1.1. Product identifier	
Product Identity	New & Improved UniSolve [®] Bottles
Alternate Names	New & Improved UniSolve® Bottles
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mix	ture and uses advised against
Intended use	Topical adhesive remover
Application Method	See Technical Data Sheet.
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet	
Company Name	Smith & Nephew
	970 Lake Carillon Drive, Suite 110
	St. Petersburg, FL 33716
Emergency	
	4 000 070 4004

Customer Service: Smith & Nephew

1-800-876-1261

2. Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Flam. Liq. 2;H225	Highly Flammable liquid and vapor.
Eye Irrit. 2;H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
STOT SE 3;H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

2.2. Label elements

Using the Toxicity Data listed in section 11 and 12 the product is labeled as follows.



Danger

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

[Prevention]:

P210 Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking. P235 Keep cool.

P240 Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

SDSUM00559

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264 Wash thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

[Response]:

P301+310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician.

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove / Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P304+312 IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor / physician if you feel unwell.

P305+351+338 IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P337+313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.

P340 Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

P370+378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing media listed in section 5 of SDS for extinction.

[Storage]:

P403+233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

[Disposal]:

P501 Dispose of contents / container in accordance with local / national regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
lsopropyl Alcohol CAS Number: 0000067-63-0	25 - 50	Flam. Liq. 2;H225 Eye Irrit. 2;H319 STOT SE 3;H336	[1][2]
Hydrotreated heavy naphtha (petroleum) CAS Num ber: 0064742-48-9	25 - 50	Asp. Tox. 1;H304	[1]
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol CAS Number: 0034590-94-8	25 - 50	Not Classified	[1][2]

In accordance with paragraph (i) of §1910.1200, the specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard.

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit.

[3] PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

*The full texts of the phrases are show nin Section 16.

4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give artificial respiration. If unconscious place in the recovery position and obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.
Eyes	Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical attention.
Skin	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a recognized skin cleanser.
Ingestion	Do not induce vomiting. Contact the poison control center or a physician immediately for instructions.
4.2. Most important syn	nptoms and effects, both acute and delayed
Overview	Primary Entry Routes: Inhalation, Eyes, Skin, Ingestion Target Organs: Kidney Acute Effects
	Inhalation: Upper respiratory tract irritation, asthma-like conditions.
	Eye: Irritation, stinging, redness and swelling. Soft contact lens may concentrate irritants. Skin: Redness, drying, & cracking. Ingestion: Gastrointestinal irritation, dizziness, low blood pressure, & kidney damage.
	Carcinogenicity: This material is not known to have carcinogenic properties. Medical Conditions Aggravated by Long-Term Exposure: Eye or skin irritation, respiratory conditions.
	Chronic Effects: None Known
	Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.
	Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.
	See section 2 for further details.
Inhalation	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Eyes	Causes serious eye irritation.

5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Water spray or fog, carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: Oxides of carbon, Hydrocarbons

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces - No smoking.

Keep cool.

Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / light / equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapors / spray.

Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

Vapors are heavier than air and may travel along the ground to some distant source of ignition and flash back.

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.

Do not release runoff from fire control methods to sewers or waterways.

ERG Guide No. 128

6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Absorb small spills on vermiculite.

Dike large spills to minimize contamination and contain material. Eliminate ignition sources. Stop source of spill. Pump spilled liquid into clean container.

Eliminate ignition sources. Soak up with noncombustible absorbent material. Remove absorbent material for proper disposal.

7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid prolonged skin contact. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not get into eyes. Do not swallow. See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

SDSUM00559

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Incompatible materials: Strong acids, alkalis, and oxidizers such as liquid chlorine, halogens, hydrogen peroxide, oxygen.

Store in a cool (≤ 77°F / 25°C), dry, well-ventilated area away from strong oxidizing agents, sources of heat, sparks, and open flames.

See section 2 for further details. - [Storage]:

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

8. Exposure controls and personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value
0000067-63-0	0000067-63-0 Isopropyl Alcohol		TWA 400 ppm (980 mg/m ³)STEL 500 ppm
		ACGIH	TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 400 ppm Revised 2003,
		NIOSH	TWA 400 ppm (980 mg/m ³) ST 500 ppm (1225 mg/m ³)
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0034590-94-8 (2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol		OSHA	TWA 100 ppm (600 mg/m³) [skin]
		ACGIH	TWA: 100 ppm STEL: 150 ppm Skin
		NIOSH	TWA 100 ppm (600 mg/m ³) ST 150 ppm (900 mg/m ³) [skin]
		Supplier	No Established Limit
0064742-48-9	Hydrotreated heavy naphtha (petroleum)	OSHA	No Established Limit
		ACGIH	No Established Limit
		NIOSH	No Established Limit
		Supplier	No Established Limit

Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value		
0000067-63-0	Isopropyl Alcohol	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP	Know n: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: Yes; Group 4: No;		
0034590-94-8	-94-8 (2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
		NTP	Know n: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
0064742-48-9	Hydrotreated heavy naphtha	OSHA	Select Carcinogen: No		
	(petroleum)		Know n: No; Suspected: No		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		

8.2. Exposure controls

Respiratory

When working with small quantities in a well-ventilated area, respiratory protection may not be required.

SDSUM00559

Eyes	None required for normal use.
Skin	When working with small quantities in a well-ventilated area, protective clothing/equipment may not be required. Wear nitrile or similar chemical resistant gloves to keep skin contact to a minimum. Refer to the manufacturer's recommendations regarding the suitability of any gloves used.
Engineering Controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor below occupational exposure limits suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Other Work Practices	Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

See section 2 for further details. - [Prevention]:

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Odor Odor threshold pH Melting point / freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling range Flash Point Evaporation rate (Ether = 1) Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Vapor pressure (Pa) Vapor Density Specific Gravity Solubility in Water Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity (cSt) VOC Content Refractive Index 9.2. Other information No other relevant information. Clear, Colorless Liquid Fruity Not determined Not determined Not determined 76°C / 169°F 63°F / 17°C TCC 1.149 (nBuAc = 1)Not Applicable Lower Explosive Limit: Not determined Upper Explosive Limit: Not determined 10 mmHg @ 20°C Not determined $0.81 @ 25^{\circ}C (H_2O = 1)$ Partly Miscible Not Measured Not determined Not available Not determined Not available 1.403 @ 25°C

10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid excessive heat, open flames and all ignition sources.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids, alkalis, and oxidizers such as liquid chlorine, halogens, hydrogen peroxide, oxygen.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Oxides of carbon, Hydrocarbons

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Isopropyl Alcohol - (67-63-0)	4,710.00, Rat - Category: 5	12,800.00, Rat - Category: NA	72.60, Rat - Category: NA	No data available	No data available
Hydrotreated heavy naphtha (petroleum) - (64742-48-9)	5,000.00, Rat - Category: 5	3,160.00, Rabbit - Category: 5	No data available	No data available	No data available
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol - (34590-94-8)	3,500.00, Rat - Category: 5	19,000.00, Rabbit - Category: NA	No data available	No data available	No data available

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Classification	Category	Hazard Description
Acute toxicity (oral)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (dermal)		Not Applicable
Acute toxicity (inhalation)		Not Applicable

Skin corrosion/irritation		Not Applicable
Serious eye damage/irritation	2	Causes serious eye irritation.
Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable
Skin sensitization		Not Applicable
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not Applicable
Carcinogenicity		Not Applicable
Reproductive toxicity		Not Applicable
STOT-single exposure	3	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
STOT-single exposure		Not Applicable
STOT-repeated exposure		Not Applicable
Aspiration hazard		Not Applicable

12. Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life

Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/l	ErC50 algae, mg/l
lsopropyl Alcohol - (67-63-0)	1,400.00, Lepomis macrochirus	100.00, Daphnia magna	100.00 (72 hr), Scenedesmus subspicatus
Hydrotreated heavy naphtha (petroleum) - (64742-48-9)	2,200.00, Pimephales promelas	2.60, Chaetogammarus marinus	Not Available
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol - (34590-94-8)	10,000.00, Pimephales promelas	1,919.00, Daphnia magna	969.00 (72 hr), Algae

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

14. Transport information

Notes:

- 1. May qualify for transportation under 'Limited Quantities' and/or 'Excepted Quantities' provisions. Consult applicable DOT, IMDG, IATA/ICAO regulations depending on transportation mode.
- 2. May qualify for transportation under 'Consumer Commodity ORM-D' provisions. Consult applicable DOT, IMDG, IATA/ICAO regulations depending on transportation mode.

	DOT (Domestic Surface Transportation)	IMO / IMDG (Ocean Transportation)	ICAO/IATA
14.1. UN number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993
14.2. UN proper shipping name	UN1993, Flammable liquids, n.o.s., (Isopropyl Alcohol), 3, II	Flammable liquids, n.o.s., (Isopropyl Alcohol)	Flammable liquids, n.o.s., (Isopropyl Alcohol)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	DOT Hazard Class: 3	IMDG: 3 Sub Class: Not Applicable	Air Class: 3
14.4. Packing group	Ш	II	II
14.5. Environmental	hazards		

IMDG Marine Pollutant: No

14.6. Special precautions for user

No further information

15. Regulatory information

Regulatory OverviewThe regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected
regulations are represented.Toxic Substance
Control Act (TSCA)All components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCA
Inventory.

WHMIS Classification B2 D2B

US EPA Tier II Hazards

Fire: Yes

Sudden Release of Pressure: No

Reactive: No

Immediate (Acute): Yes

Delayed (Chronic): No

EPCRA 311/312 Chemicals and RQs:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol

Isopropyl Alcohol

Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

Benzene

Ethyl Benzene

Naphthalene

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

Benzene

Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

Benzene

New Jersey RTK Substances (>1%):

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol

Isopropyl Alcohol

Pennsylvania RTK Substances (>1%):

(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol

Isopropyl Alcohol

16. Other information

The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

This is the first version in the GHS SDS format. Listings of changes from previous versions in other formats are not applicable.

End of Document